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*History of Indiana.* By DR. JAMES ALBERT WOODBURN, Professor of American History in Indiana and Dr. Thomas F. Moran, Professor of History in Purdue. Longmans, Green & Co., 1916; pp. 63.

IN this brief pamphlet Professors Woodburn and Moran have brought together a short, pointed discussion of the leading topics in the State's history. It is intended as a manual for Indiana history work in the seventh and eighth grades. Most of the teachers of Indiana are acquainted with the authors' work, as teachers for over a quarter of a century, and they do not have to be told of their abilities either as scholars or writers. The pamphlet is illustrated and otherwise made attractive to young readers. It will be found a very useful little book in the hands of both teachers and pupils in our schools.

*The Great Revival in the West 1797-1805.* By CATHARINE CLEVELAND. The University of Chicago Press, Chicago, pp. 215. Price \$1.00.

THIS is a doctoral dissertation written under the direction of Profs. J. F. Jamison and William E. Dodd in the History Seminar of Chicago University. The subject is one of the most attractive in the whole field of historical study in the Ohio valley. It is infinitely more important to account for the moral development of a community than its economical. It is a relief to find a piece of historical research that is not concerned entirely with economic conditions. The general field of Miss Cleveland's investigation is the settlements in Kentucky and Tennessee from 1797 to 1805. The people are the Scotch-Irish who had come to America about half a century earlier, had crowded to the foothills of the Alleghanies where they had remained during the Revolution. After that event they had spent some twenty-five years crossing over and establishing themselves in Kentucky. Into this frontier community came a number of powerful preachers belonging to the Presbyterian, Methodist and Baptist churches. For lack of church buildings they were compelled to hold their services in the grove and so began the famous camp-meetings. The revival which began about 1800 lasted with varying in-